# Generative models

Neural Networks Design And Application



#### Training data



х

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Sample value

























**Q**: how many Gaussian distributions?





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P(x', y) = P(x'|y)P(y)



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Pick the label y with largest P(x', y)



P(x',+1) = P(x'|+1)P(+1)P(x',-1) = P(x'|-1)P(-1)

$$P(x', y) = P(x'|y)P(y)$$

Pick the label y with largest P(x', y)









Generative models



Generative models

## Adversarial learning and generative models



## Adversarial learning and generative models

Limit: additive noise is only one way to generate adversarial data



## Adversarial learning and generative models

Limit: additive noise is only one way to generate adversarial data Q: can generative models help?





Network: discriminative model









worse accuracy



worse accuracy

$$\min_{G} \max_{D} V(D,G) = \mathbb{E}_{\boldsymbol{x} \sim p_{\text{data}}(\boldsymbol{x})}[\log D(\boldsymbol{x})] + \mathbb{E}_{\boldsymbol{z} \sim p_{\boldsymbol{z}}(\boldsymbol{z})}[\log(1 - D(G(\boldsymbol{z})))].$$

![](_page_46_Figure_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_47_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_48_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_49_Figure_1.jpeg)

More details at tutorial note <a href="https://arxiv.org/pdf/1701.00160.pdf">https://arxiv.org/pdf/1406.2661.pdf</a> and original paper <a href="https://arxiv.org/pdf/1406.2661.pdf">https://arxiv.org/pdf/1406.2661.pdf</a>

![](_page_50_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_51_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_52_Figure_1.jpeg)

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